

CELAP Leaders' New Year Visit to Staff and Faculty Members



On Feb. 20, 2019, ahead of the new semester, CELAP Executives led by Executive Vice President Cao Wenze paid cordial visits to the staff and faculty of each department.

Prof. Cao Wenze expressed to all the staff and faculty his sincere wishes for the Spring Festival, and extended his heartfelt gratitude to those on-duty during CELAP's winter holiday. He visited each department, talked with the staff about their work, and spoke highly of their contribution.

All the staff and faculty members expressed their resolution to exert themselves to China's leadership training in the future.

CELAP Staff Volunteer for Unpaid Blood Donation

On December 24, 2018, ten CELAP staff made voluntary unpaid blood donation.

Song Jin, CELAP Executive Member and Director General of the General Office, visited the blood bank to greet donors from CELAP. She said that blood donation was a life-saving action of compassion, generosity and kindness, and that the donors demonstrated CELAP staff's defining spirit of charity.

Since 2006, 67 CELAP staff have donated 13,400 ml of blood in total. The faculty members have always been responsive to the blood donation event and enthusiastically volunteered for unpaid blood donation. Their kindness, strong sense of social responsibility and commitment to the community have made great contribution in building CELAP's culture.



CELAP Organizes Online Training on Poverty Alleviation

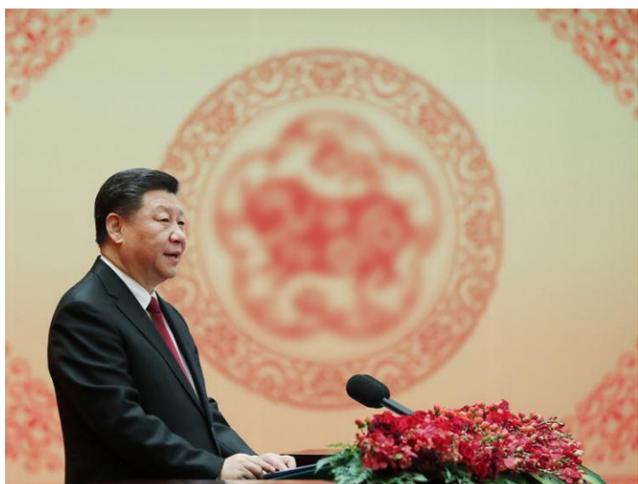
Recently, CELAP Networking Academy organized a webcast lecture for government officials working on the poverty alleviation program in Jiangkou County, Guizhou Province. Since November 2018, CELAP has delivered for Jiangkou County four online training courses, respectively on economic development capacity building, implementation capacity building, political construction, and rural revitalization.

The webcast lecture was hosted by Chen Zhong, Director General of CELAP Human Resources Department and Head of the Leading Group Office for Poverty Alleviation. As stated by Prof. Chen, the online lecture came as one of CELAP's carefully prepared training initiatives on poverty alleviation.

Enabled by the webcasting platform, the lecture allowed real-time interaction between participants and lecturers, making e-learning experience more productive and participants more committed to the training on targeted poverty alleviation. The lecturers shared their thoughts on the original aspiration as a CPC member, the important exposition of General Secretary Xi Jinping on poverty alleviation, as well as their working experiences on the poverty alleviation programme of Jiangkou County, and their skills in communicating with leaders during the battle against poverty, offering both theoretical knowledge and practical solutions. The lecture was well received, benefiting about 650 officials working at Jiangkou in lively discussions.

In response to the *2018-2022 National Cadre Education and Training Plan*, CELAP Networking Academy is committed to explore new ways of leadership education and training, especially in the field of poverty alleviation.





On Feb. 3, 2019, ahead of the Spring Festival, Chinese President Xi Jinping addressed a Spring Festival reception at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing.

In the speech, Xi noted that Chinese people had a hard but fulfilling year. Xi called for efforts to create a growing sense of fulfillment, happiness and security in people, promote sustained and sound economic growth and maintain law and order to lay a crucial foundation for building a moderately prosperous society in all respects and celebrate the 70th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China with great achievements.

He called for hard work to bring a happy life for the Chinese people and a great future for the Chinese nation as well as further efforts to work with the people of countries across the world to build a community with a shared future for humanity.

Xi's Spring Festival visits over the years

Feb 1, 2019

President Xi conducted an inspection tour of Beijing and gave his Spring Festival greetings. He paid a visit to the Beijing Municipal Public Security Bureau, along with a home in Qianmen, a historic area of Beijing.



Feb 11, 2018

Ahead of Spring Festival, Xi visited poor families in Southwest China's remote mountains, surveyed an earthquake-hit area, and met villagers preparing for China's most important festival.



Jan 24, 2017

Xi visits the home of villager Xu Xuehai in Desheng village, Zhangbei county in North China's Hebei province. He stressed the importance of precision in the battle against poverty, saying that poverty alleviation should focus on targeted people and industries, and use the right tools to produce results.



Feb 2, 2016

Xi helps make the dough for ciba, a glutinous rice delicacy during a visit to the village of Shenshan in Jinggangshan, Jiangxi province. "No one should drop out," he told villagers during his talk about the country's efforts to achieve moderate prosperity



Feb 13, 2015

Xi visited Liangjiahe village and talked with villagers. He asked about villagers' incomes, crops, livestock, medical insurance, and the village's infrastructure and land preservation efforts.



CHINA FOCUS

No. 1 central document prioritizes agricultural, rural development

BEIJING, Feb. 19 (Xinhua) -- Agriculture, rural areas and farmer's issues remain China's top priorities for the 16th consecutive year as its "No. 1 central document" prioritizes development of agriculture and rural areas.

Unswerving efforts must be made to ensure that addressing the issues relating to agriculture, rural areas and rural people enjoy a central place on the work agenda of the CPC.

The document noted that the country will strive to ensure effective supply of major agricultural products. Efforts will be made to ensure that grain planting area remains steady at 1.65 billion mu (110 million hectares) and arable land area is kept above 1.8 billion mu, as well as develop 800 million mu of high-standard farmland by 2020.

It said the country will move to optimize agricultural structure, boost production of green agricultural products or those in short supply, and roll out plans to increase soybean planting and support dairy industry.

The country vowed to step up breakthrough in key agricultural core technologies, and promote independent innovation in areas including biological breeding, heavy agricultural machinery, smart agriculture and green agricultural inputs.

The document also noted the country will enhance agricultural cooperation with countries along the Belt and Road, actively expand imports of agricultural products in short supply at home, diversify importing channels, and foster the development of multinational agricultural corporations.

Progress should be made to promote rural development as well as improve rural living environments and public services such as education, health care, social security, elderly care and culture.

Efforts will be stepped up to build a new policy system for agricultural subsidies, according to the document, which said the country would formulate and improve agriculture support and protection policies following principles that comply with World Trade Organization rules, protect farmers' interests and support agricultural development.

According to the document, the country will foster the development of rural industries and diversify channels to increase the income of farmers. It stressed developing industries with local characteristics, modern agricultural product processing and new rural services. The country will also push forward a digital countryside strategy.

The country should improve employment services and vocational training to promote the employment of the rural labor force and increase their incomes, the document said.

China will encourage rural migrant workers, college graduates, veterans and urban personnel to make innovations and start businesses in rural areas, and support the building of service platforms to encourage business startups.

Source: http://www.xinhuanet.com/english/2019-02/03/c_137797525_2.htm
http://www.xinhuanet.com/english/2019-02/19/c_137834687.htm
http://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/201902/02/WS5c54eb58a3106c65c34e7e21_1.html